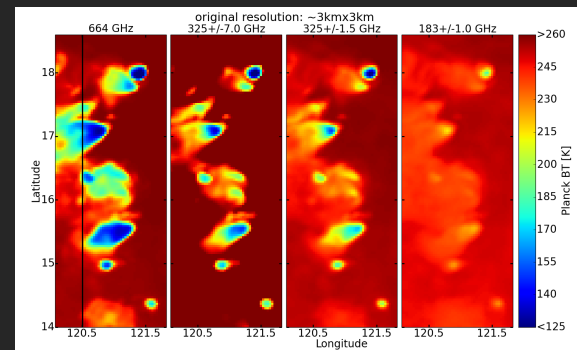
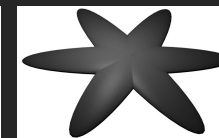


# Scattering calculations in ARTS: Improvements and new features

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and the ARTS team  
(Hamburg, ...)

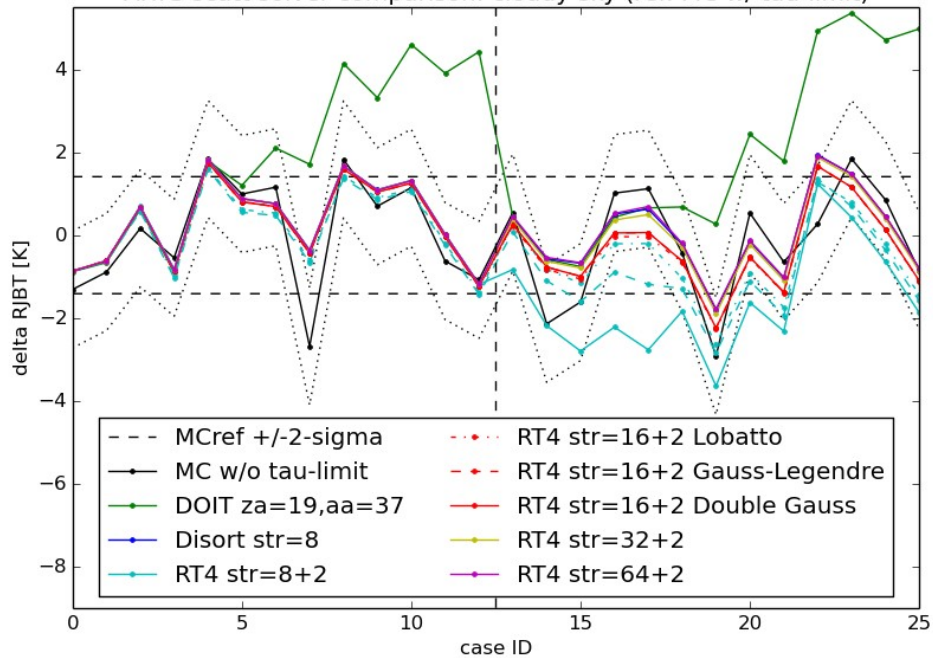


- Scattering solvers
  - for passive sensor simulations
  
- Handling of single scattering data
  
- Microphysics
  - aka deriving particle number (density) fields

	MC	DOIT	(FOS)	<b>(Hybrid)</b>	<b>Disort</b>	<b>RT4</b>
dimensionality	3D	1D (+3D)	3D	1D(?)	1D	1D
planet shape	sp+	sp+	sp+	sp	flat (pp)	flat (pp)
polarization	4	4	4	4*	1	2
orientation	any	any	any	any*	totally random	azimuth. random
speed	very slow	slow	medium - fast	medium*	fast	medium
output	<b>rad</b>	<b>field</b>	<b>rad</b>	<b>rad</b>	<b>field</b>	<b>field</b>
notes			scat in thin atmospheres	not stand-alone (background rad field) all-sky Jacobians	Lambertian;  Stamnes	ARTS surf., auto-adaptive Nstreams;  Evans

## ➤ Performance & Issues

ARTS scatt solver comparison: cloudy-sky (ref: MC w/ tau-limit)



- MC = reference
- DOIT:
  - setup sensitive (level spacing)
  - speed and accuracy(?) improved
- Disort (Legendre-decomp based):
  - very stable (energy conservation ensured)
- RT4 (Fourier-decomp based):
  - diff between solvers not very big
  - setup sensitive for strongly peaked Z (Nstreams & Naz => Z norm)
- Hybrid:
  - not stand-alone (primary focus: Jacobians)
  - accuracy & performance largely determined by background radfield “generator”

➤ Performance & Issues:

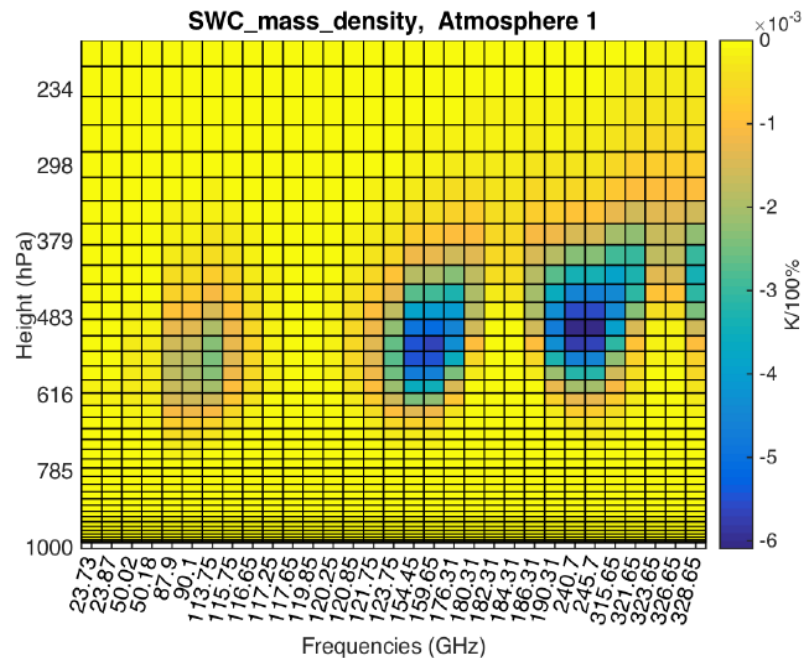
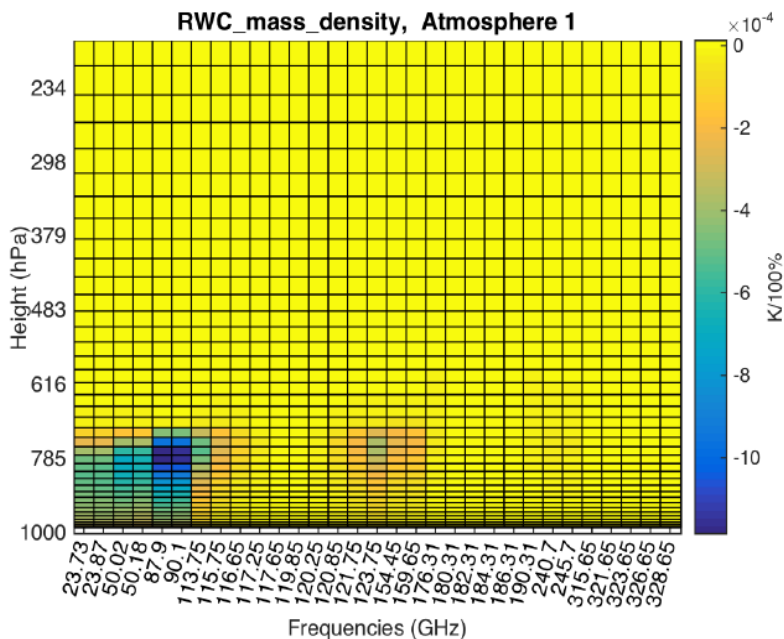
- 1-thread only for FORTRAN-interfaced Disort & RT4
- ARTS-side data management/prep needs time, too (my tests: 1:2)

Notes to users (incl experts):

- For interfaced external solvers (Disort, RT4) cite the original sources, too.
  
- Read the documentation, please.
  - primarily the **built-in doc** (use the doc browser)
  
- Be a little careful when changing (degrading) default settings.
  - e.g. for speed improvements or to force non-failure
  
- Feel free to consult the users mailinglist.

➤ More new stuff: WSM JacobianDOIT

- full-field perturbations using coordinated optimized DOIT setup



➤ “common” interface:

- `scat_data[SE](f,T)` with  $Z, K, a$
- `pnd_field(SE,p,lat,lon)`
- $K_{\text{bulk}} = \sum^{\text{se}} K_i * \text{pnd}_i$

➤ scattering element (SE)?

- an individual particles (series representing, e.g., a size distribution; `pnd`=actual number of particles)
- bulk representative (`pnd`=some weighting/rescaling factor)



- each SE has its own f- & T-grids
- so far: Z/K/a for a specific f&T extracted (read: interpolated) just-in-time for each SE
  - ⇒ computationally expensive
- WSM `scat_dataCalc`:
  - “reduce” f-grid of all SE to RTE f-grid (or 1-f data; Z/K/a independently)
  - future standard (revising all solvers now; non-reduced: `scat_data_raw`)

- each SE has its own f- & T-grids
- so far: Z/K/a for a specific f&T extracted (read: interpolated) just-in-time for each SE
  - ⇒ computationally expensive
- WSM `scat_dataReduceT` (? - to come...):
  - reduce T-dimension to 1 (on Z primarily; consistency?)

How to derive the `pnd_field`?

1) external:

- some functionality in atmlab (&typhon?)
- the users own methods

How to derive the `pnd_field`?

1) external

2) WSM `pnd_fieldCalcFromscat_speciesFields`

3) WSM `pnd_fieldCalcFromParticleBulkProps`

How to derive the `pnd_field`?

2) WSM `pnd_fieldCalcFromscat_speciesFields`

- ...

How to derive the `pnd_field`?

➤ scattering species (SS)?

- a (scattering) entity characterised by one (or several) atmospheric fields
  - e.g. one hydrometeor species
- consisting of a number of SE

How to derive the `pnd_field`?

2) WSM `pnd_fieldCalcFromscat_speciesFields`

- series of atm fields to characterise the species (mass density, mass flux, number density, mean mass with one entry per SS)
- microphysical model specified by one tag per SS  
(`scat_speciesSet`)

How to derive the `pnd_field`?

2) WSM `pnd_fieldCalcFromscat_speciesFields`

```
1
2 [...]
3
4 scat_speciesSet(scat_species, [ "IWC-F07ML" ])
5
6 [...]
7
8 # Clouds
9 Extract(scat_species_mass_density_field, part_fields, ybatch_index)
10 Touch( scat_species_mass_flux_field )
11 Touch( scat_species_number_density_field )
12 Touch( scat_species_mean_mass_field )
13 cloudboxSetAutomatically( particle_field=scat_species_mass_density_field )
14 pnd_fieldCalcFromscat_speciesFields
15
```



How to derive the `pnd_field`?

2) WSM `pnd_fieldCalcFromscat_speciesFields`

- series of atm fields to characterise the species (mass density, mass flux, number density, mean mass with one entry per SS)
- microphysical model specified by one tag per SS  
(`scat_speciesSet`)
- tested & applied
- fairly easy setup (a bit tedious for non-compact atms)
- but somewhat black-boxy and inflexible...

How to derive the `pnd_field`?

3) WSM `pnd_fieldCalcFromParticleBulkProps`

- all SS related atm fields in one WSV: `particle_bulkprop_field`
- a corresponding WSV of (semi-free) field names:  
`particle_bulkprop_names`
- one agenda per SS: `pnd_agenda_array`
- a corresponding WSV linking atm fields to each agenda/SS:  
`pnd_agenda_array_input_names`

How to derive the `pnd_field`?

### 3) WSM `pnd_fieldCalcFromParticleBulkProps`

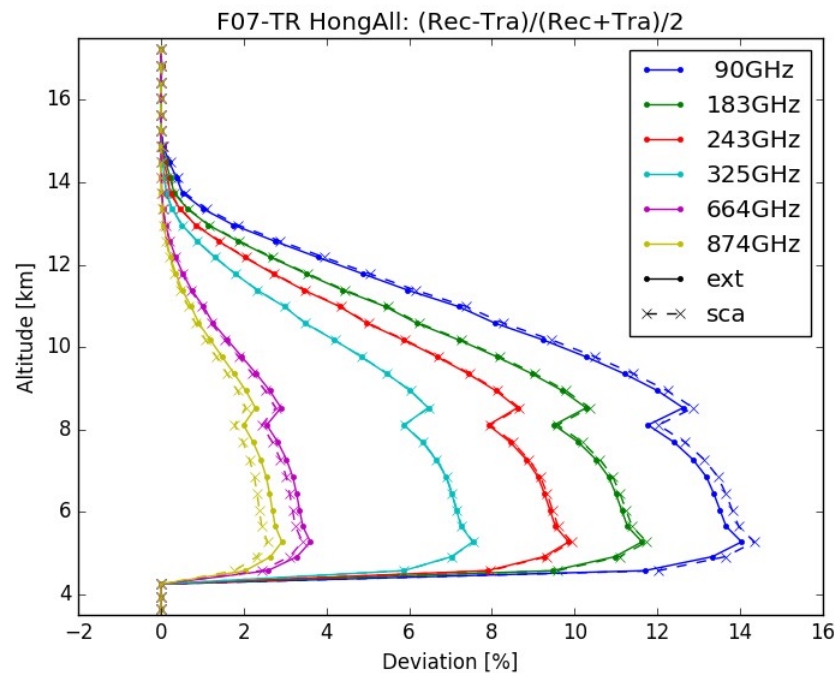
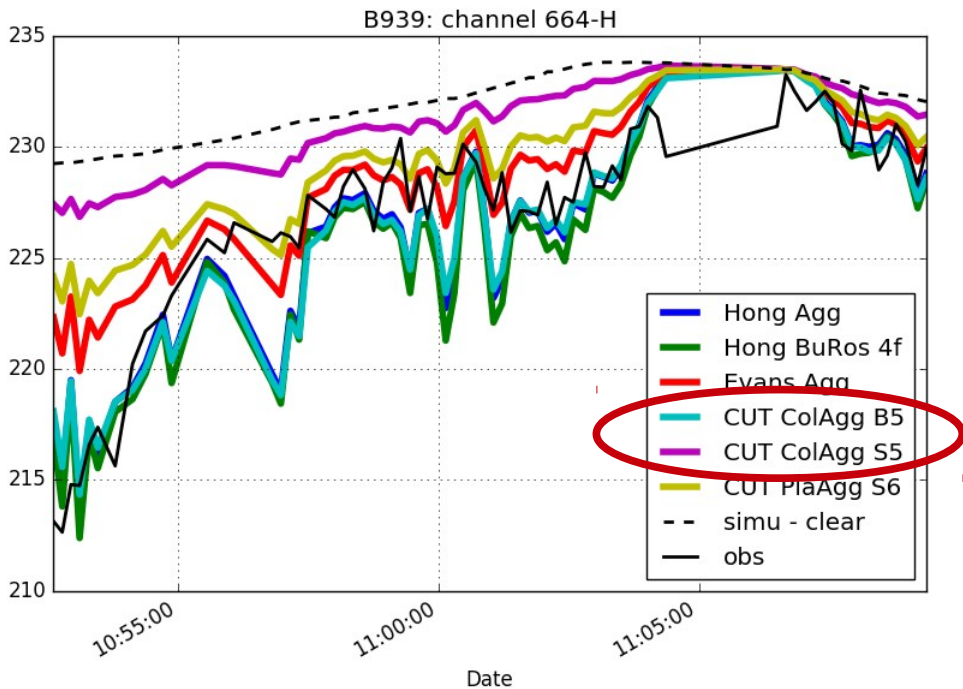
```
182|
183 StringSet( species_id_string, "IWC-F07ML" )
184 Append( scat_species, species_id_string )
185 ArrayOfStringSet( pnd_agenda_input_names, [ "SWC", "Temperature" ] )
186 Append( pnd_agenda_array_input_names, pnd_agenda_input_names )
187 ArrayOfAgendaAppend( pnd_agenda_array ){
188   pnd_size_gridFromScatMeta( scat_index=agenda_array_index, unit="dmax" )
189   Copy( psd_size_grid, pnd_size_grid )
190   MassSizeParamsFromScatMeta( alpha=alpha, beta=beta, scat_index=agenda_array_index )
191   psdF07( regime="ML", alpha=alpha, beta=beta )
192   pndFromPsd( scat_index=agenda_array_index )
193 }
194
```

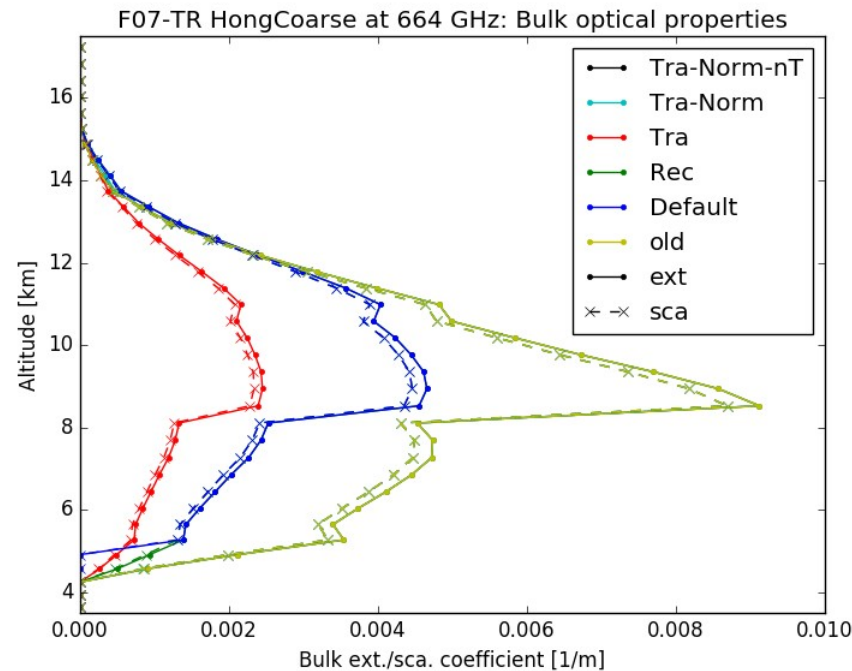
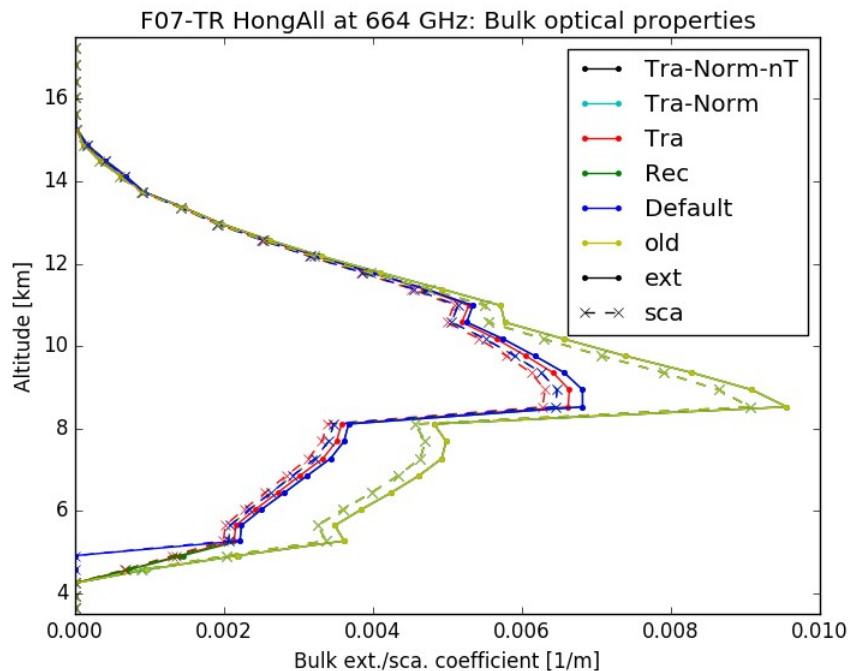
```
237
238 # Clouds
239 ArrayOfStringSet( particle_bulkprop_names, [ "SWC" ] )
240 Extract(particle_bulkprop_field, part_fields, ybatch_index)
241 cloudboxSetAutomatically( particle_field=particle_bulkprop_field )
242 pnd_fieldCalcFromParticleBulkProps
243
```

How to derive the `pnd_field`?

3) WSM `pnd_fieldCalcFromParticleBulkProps`

- more flexible reg. input atm fields parameters (any thinkable field possible, e.g. mean size, asphericity, ...)
- more control over the individual calculation steps and applied parametrisations (e.g., specify valid T-range for certain SS, rescale pnd to intended mass?, ...)
- **providing Jacobians** (`dpnd_field_dx`)







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